2011 ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT Ft. Leonard Wood



IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE JEANNE CLERY DISCLOSURE of CAMPUS SECURITY POLICY and CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS ACT

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INTRODUCTION

Lincoln University publishes this report in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Statistics Crime Act (as amended August 14th, 2008). The Clery Act, herein after referred to simply as "the Act," requires Institutions of Higher Education (IHE) to prepare, publish and distribute an annual security report containing specific information regarding law enforcement, security, legal and disciplinary policies of the university. The Lincoln University Police Department (LUPD) is the office on campus responsible for the publication and distribution of this report in accordance with the Act. The LUPD works closely with many other university departments as well as other law enforcement agencies to obtain the information needed to compile this report.

For example, other campus offices such as Student Health Services, Student Housing, Student Affairs, University Relations and Student Development, assist in providing information for this report. The Office of Information Technology assists with posting this information on the web and converting the report to electronic means for its dissemination and the university printing office assists with the mass production of this document. Additionally, outside law enforcement agencies such as the Jefferson City Police Department, Cole County Sheriff's Department, and Ft. Leonard Wood Police Department provide information regarding crime statistics on the main campus.

REPORTING CRIMES and EMERGENCIES

In order to fulfill our mission of providing a safe, secure and enjoyable environment to live, study and work all members of the Lincoln University community, including visitors, students, faculty and staff are encouraged to report any criminal activity or emergency they observe. Reporting can be accomplished in a number of ways depending upon the urgency of your need for assistance.

For non-emergency calls please contact the Fort Leonard Wood Police Department at 573-596-6141 from an outside phone.

YOU MAY ALSO REPORT CRIMES & EMERGENCIES ANONYMOUSLY

CAMPUS RESPONSE TO REPORTS of CRIMES and EMERGENCIES

The University endorses a reporting policy that strongly encourages victims to report all crimes and suspicious activity that occur within the jurisdiction of this community to the Military Police for Ft. Leonard Wood at 573-596-6141; regardless of their nature. The prompt reporting of suspicious activity or persons can prevent crimes. Crimes occurring off campus should be reported to the law enforcement agency having proper jurisdiction. In addition, members of the community should report the criminal offenses for the purpose of making timely warning reports and to be included in the crime statistics If you are a victim of a crime off campus and are unsure of the proper police department to contact; call Barbara Lane at 573-329-5160 for assistance or the Military Police for Ft. Leonard Wood at 573-596-6141. Lincoln University at Ft. Leonard Wood does have access to local police agencies on an immediate basis to report crime and/or ask for assistance. In addition to use of the telephone system, the University community can also contact the Military Police in person or in writing. Regardless of how reported, the department will investigate all reported incidents.

SECURITY & ACCESS TO CAMPUS FACILITIES

GENERAL CAMPUS FACILITIES

During business hours, Lincoln University (excluding certain housing facilities) will be open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests, and invitees. During non-business hours access to all Lincoln University facilities is identification for the access verification within this community. Emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any posted schedules.

THREE (3) YEAR CRIME STATISTICS

In compliance with the Jeanne Clery Act the Lincoln University Police Department compiles statistics of certain crimes as mandated by 20 USC § 1092(f), subsection 1F. Definitions of those various crimes are listed below and are consistent with the definitions used in the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) System of the Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the modifications in such definitions as implemented pursuant to the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (codified at 28 U.S.C.S. § 534). The statistics included herein do not identify victims of crimes or those persons accused of crimes.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, including joyriding.

Murder: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft which includes unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Sex Offenses, Forcible: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

- A. Forcible Rape- The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).
- B. Forcible Sodomy- Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- C. Sexual Assault with an Object- The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- D. Forcible Fondling- The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcible and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sex Offenses, Non-forcible: Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

- A. Incest- Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- B. Statutory Rape- Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit

any of the aforementioned.

Drug/Narcotic Offenses: Violation of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapons Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Hate Crimes: A criminal offense committed against a person, property, or society which is motivated, in whole or part, by the offender's bias against a race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, or ethnicity/national origin; also known as a bias crime. This includes criminal homicide, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, any other crime involving bodily injury reported to Lincoln University Police Department, larcenytheft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism of property. This also includes any crime that shows any evidence of bias.

Fires: CLERY requirements have added a fire statistics report as part of the annual statistics that must be collected and reported. These statistics can be placed in the annual fire safety report or included in the annual security report. These statistics must include the number of fires, the cause of each fire, the number of deaths related to the fire, the number of injuries related to the fire that resulted in treatment at a medical facility, and the value of property damage related to the fire. The annual fire safety report must include the fire statistics listed above; a description of the fire safety system for each on-campus student housing facility; the number of fire drills held the previous calendar year; the institution's policies or rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking, and open flames in student housing facilities; policies for fire safety education and training programs for student, faculty, and staff; a list of the titles of each person or organization to which individuals should report that a fire has occurred; and plans for future improvements in fire safety, if determined necessary by the institution.

In addition in researching and compiling this information every effort is made to coordinate and obtain crime statistics for the campus. In addition efforts are made to obtain crime statistic information for off campus areas immediately adjacent to the campus in accordance with the Act. To that end the Lincoln University Police Department must rely on the information provided by outside agencies regarding any statistics that did not come directly from the Lincoln University Police Department for offenses occurring on campus which were reported directly to us. The Lincoln University Police Department obtains or attempts to obtain accurate crime reporting data from the Ft. Leonard Wood Military Police.

3-YEAR CRIME STATISTICS-Ft. Leonard Wood campus

Criminal Offenses-On Campus							Criminal Offenses-Public Property						
Criminal	To	Total criminal offenses on campus				Total criminal offenses Public Property							
Offenses			2009 2010		2	2008 20)9 20		2010			
a. Murder/Non- negligent manslaughter	0		0		0		0		0		0		
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	(0		0 0)		0)		0
c. Sex offenses- forcible	0	0		0			0)		0		
d. Sex offenses- non forcible (include only incest and statutory rape)	rcible e only 0 0 0 and			0 0			0						
e. Robbery	0		0)	0		0	0		0		
f. Aggravated assault	0)	C	0		0	0	0		0		
g. Burglary	0)	C)		0	0			0		
h. Motor vehicle theft	0)	0			0 0				0		
i. Hate Crimes	0		0		0		0 (0		
j. Arson	0		0 0)		0	0	0		0		
Arrests-On Campus						Arrests-Public Property							
Law Violation		Total arrests on cam				npus							
		2008	2	.009	20:	10	200	08	2009		2010		
a. Illegal Weapons Possession		0		0	0		0		0		0		
b. Drug law violation	ons	0		0	0	1	0		0		0		
c. Liquor law violati	ons 0			0	0	0		0			0		
d. Hate crimes		0		0	0	0			0		0		
Discipli	nary	Actions-	On (Campu	S		Discip	olinary A	Actions	s-Pul	blic Property		
Law Violation		Number of persons referred for disciplinary actions on campus				•							
		2008		2009		010	2008		2009		2010		
a. Illegal Weapons Possession		0	0			0	0		0		0		
b. Drug law violations		0		0		0	0		0		0		
c. Liquor law violations		0			0		0		0		0		
d. Hate crimes		0		0		0		0	0		0		

MONITORING of CRIMES at OFF-CAMPUS ACTIVITIES

Lincoln University does not, at this time, recognize any off-campus activities by students. There are no official fraternities or sororities engaged in functions off campus sanctioned by university officials. There are no fraternity or sorority houses recognized by the National Fraternity/Sorority headquarters or the university who occupy local houses off campus.

DRUG PREVENTION PROGRAM & POLICY STATEMENT I. BACKGROUND

The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989, Public Law 101-226, require that, as a condition of receiving funds or any other form of financial assistance under any federal program, an institution of higher education must certify that it has adopted and implemented a program to prevent the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees.

Lincoln University has developed and adopted the drug prevention program described herein pursuant to the requirements of Public Law 101-226. This program document, which includes a policy statement and educational information, shall be known as the Lincoln University Drug Prevention Program and Policy Statement.

As a means of self-regulation, the university adopted a set of standards that was developed by the Network of Colleges and Universities Committed to the Elimination of Drug and Alcohol Abuse. The university, by adopting the standards, has made a commitment throughout the institution to:

- Establish and enforce clear policies that promote an educational environment free from the abuse of alcohol and other drugs;
- Educate members of the campus community for the purpose of preventing alcohol and other drug abuse, as well as educate them about the use of legal drugs in ways that are not harmful to self or others;
- Create an environment that promotes and reinforces healthy, responsible living and respect for community and campus standards and regulations; the individual's responsibility within the community; and the intellectual, social, emotional, spiritual or ethical, and physical well-being of its community members; and provide for a reasonable level of care for alcohol and drug abusers through counseling, treatment and referral.

II. POLICY STATEMENT

Standards of Conduct The unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students or employees on the university property or as a part of any university activity is prohibited. Any student or employee who violates the Standards of Conduct shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions. Disciplinary sanctions for students may include any of the Educational Sanctions prescribed in the Student Handbook including suspension or dismissal and/or referral for prosecution. The procedures for imposing student disciplinary sanctions may be found in the Student Conduct Code. Disciplinary sanctions for employees shall include an oral warning, a written reprimand, suspension or termination and referral for prosecution.

Any disciplinary sanction may include the completion of an appropriate rehabilitation program.

Policy Distribution A copy of the Drug Prevention Program and Policy Statement is distributed annually to each university employee and to each university student who is taking one or more classes for academic credit with the exception of students enrolled for continuing education credit only.

Periodic Reviews The Task Force on Implementation of the Standards shall conduct biennial reviews of the university's drug prevention program to determine the effectiveness of the program and to recommend/implement changes as appropriate. Each such review shall also include an evaluation of disciplinary sanctions imposed during the review period to ensure that these sanctions are consistently enforced. At the completion of each biennial review, the Task Force shall within 30 days of said completion submit in writing its findings and recommendations to the President of the University.

III. EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION

As a part of its drug prevention program, the university has prepared the following information summary for educational purposes.

Counseling Services - In 1980, the State of Missouri created the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse as a division of the Department of Mental Health. Among the responsibilities of the Division is the provision of public information relating to alcohol and drug abuse and its prevention, treatment and rehabilitation (SS631.010, RSMO). Other counseling and/or treatment resources available in the central Missouri area include: Missouri State Employees Assistance Program, Alcoholics Anonymous, Family Mental Health Center, Capital Region Medical Center and St. Mary's Health Center. Hotline numbers for counseling services and information include:

National Drug & Alcohol Treatment Hotline 1-800-662-HELP

Cocaine Help: 1-800-COCAINE Marijuana Anonymous: 1-800-766-6779

National Institute for Drug Abuse (NIDA)
1-301-443-4577
For treatment centers located in your area call:
Mental Health (573) 751-4942
An Alcohol and Drug Abuse Yearbook/Directory is available for use in Page Library.

The university makes no endorsement with regard to any counseling/treatment facility and assumes no responsibility for the quality of services available. The university's benefit plans, including hospitalization and salary continuation (to the extent vacation and sick leave annual balances are available), may be used for treatment of substance abuse as for any other

diseases or disabilities.

Health Risks - The possible side effects of drug use range from euphoria, slurred speech and fatigue to hallucinations, increased blood pressure, coma and possible death. consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood that the driver will be involved in an accident. Alcohol can increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts, including spouse and child abuse. Moderate to high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death. When combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will produce the effects just described. Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake is likely to produce withdrawal symptoms including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Longterm consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver. Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants may have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than other youngsters of becoming alcoholics.

Legal Sanctions - The Liquor Control Law for the State of Missouri provides that any person under the age of twenty-one years who purchases, attempts to purchase, or has in his/her possession any intoxicating liquor is guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor may be subjected to a fine ranging from \$50.00 to \$1,000.00 and/or imprisonment for up to one year. A person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor through which he/she derived money or property through the commission of the crime may be fined an amount which does not exceed double the amount of the money or property derived through the commission of the crime. An individual offender may not be fined more than \$20,000 under this provision.

The manufacturing, possession, sale, distribution and use of illicit drugs are prohibited by state law. Other prohibited acts include possession with intent to use drug paraphernalia and advertising the sale of drug paraphernalia. Penalties for drug violations range from a fine of \$1,000 to life imprisonment. In addition, the Missouri legislature approved in 2007 a provision relating to the consumption of alcohol by a minor. Under current Missouri law, a subject under the age of 21 who is visibly intoxicated can be arrested without being in physical possession of the intoxicating beverage.

REGISTERED SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

The Federal Campus Sex Crimes sand Prevention Act, enacted on October 28, 2002. The law requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as

required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student. People wishing to access this information can obtain it by contacting the Waynesville Police Department at 573-774-6196.

IMMEDIATE EMERGENCY RESPONSE & EVACUATION PROCEDURES

In compliance with 20 U.S.C. § 1092 (f) (1) (J) the following describes the policies of Lincoln University's Emergency Response and Evacuation procedures.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Fort Leonard Wood (FTLW) Campus of the Truman Education Center has developed a Crisis Management Plan that includes information about the University's response to emergency situations. Fort Leonard Wood Truman Education Center conducts exercises each year and tests the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for FTLW is publicized and is made available on the Truman Education Center website.

In the event of a serious incident which poses an immediate threat to members of the Lincoln University community, Truman Education Center has systems in place for communicating information quickly to those individuals. Some or all of these methods of communication may be activated in the event of an immediate threat to the campus community. These methods of communication include Telephonic, Intranet and face to face communications. These systems are tested on an annual basis and may or may not be announced.

All members of the Lincoln University Community are notified on an annual basis that they are required to notify the FTLW Military Police and Barbara Lane of the Truman Education Center of any situation or incident on campus that involves a significant emergency or dangerous situation that may involve an immediate or on-going threat to the health and safety of students and/or employees on campus. The Department of Public Safety along with the FTLW Military Police has the responsibility of responding to, and summoning the necessary resources, to mitigate, investigate, and document any situation that may cause a significant emergency or dangerous situation. In addition, the FTLW Military Police has a responsibility to respond to such incidents to determine if the situation does in fact, pose a threat to the community. If that is the case, Federal Law requires that the institution immediately notify the campus community or the appropriate segments of the community that may be affected by the situation. If Barbara Lane of the FTLW Truman Education Center confirms that there is an emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of some or all members of the Lincoln University community, Barbara Lane will collaborate with the FTLW Military Police to determine the content of the message and will use some or all of the systems described above to communicate the threat to the Lincoln Community. The Director, will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the judgment of the first responders (including, compromise the efforts to assist a victim(s) or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

TIMELY WARNINGS

Pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1092 (f) (3) Lincoln University prepares and issues "timely warnings" in the following circumstances.

In order to keep the campus community informed about safety and security issues, and to keep the university community informed on incidents that pose a serious and/or continuing threat, timely warnings will be composed and issued by Director Barbara Lane to the campus community. Timely warnings will be issued on reported crimes or incidents that include, but may not be limited to: criminal homicide, sex offenses-forcible and non-forcible robbery, aggravated assault, motor-vehicle theft, and arson. These incidents should they occur and in the judgment of Director Lane and in consultation with the Ft. Leonard Wood Military Police constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, Director Lane will compose and issue a campus wide timely warning. If in the judgment of Director Lane and in consultation with the Ft. Leonard Wood Military Police or other involved law enforcement agencies determine that by issuing a timely warning it will compromise the efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency, no warning will be given. Timely reporting or warnings will occur on an ongoing basis using a variety of methods including bulletin boards, and/or e-mails by Director Lane.

DAILY CRIME LOGS KEPT

Once these factors are no longer present, and/or there is no longer a chance that posting the information would adversely affect an on-going investigation, we will post the information. We make available the most recent 60 days of crime logs. The logs are available for public inspection during normal university business hours at the Lincoln University Police Department office located at 1118 Chestnut, Jefferson City, MO. If you wish to view Daily Crime Logs older than the most recent 60 days, please contact the Chief of Police at 573-681-5555.

SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION & RESPONSE

In an effort to prevent sex crimes and victimization associated with those crimes the university educates the student community about sexual assaults and date rape through mandatory freshman orientations each fall. The Lincoln University Police Department also offers sexual assault education and information programs to university students and employees upon request. Literature on date rape education, risk reduction, and university response is available through the Police Department and through the Student Health Center.

If you are a victim of a sexual assault at this institution, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. You should then obtain necessary medical treatment. The Lincoln University Police Department strongly advocates that a victim of sexual assault report the incident in a timely manner. Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. An assault should be reported directly to a University Police Officer, the Student Health Center, the Vice President for Student Affairs', the Director of Residential Life, or the Resident Director of your residence hall (if applicable).

Filing a police report with a Lincoln University Police Officer will not obligate the victim to prosecute nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers. Filing a police report will however do the following:

- ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests, at no expense to the victim,
- provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later (ideally a victim of sexual assault should not wash, douche, use the toilet, or change clothing prior to a medical/legal exam),
- assure the victim has access to free confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention.

When a sexual assault victim contacts the Lincoln University Police Department, the Student Health Center will be notified as well as the Vice President for Student Affairs'. The victim of a sexual assault may choose for the investigation to be pursued through the criminal justice system and the University Student Affairs Committee, or only the latter. A university representative will guide the victim through the available options and support the victim in his or her decision. Various counseling options are available from the university through the Student Health Center and through the Comprehensive Counseling Center, 304 Founders Hall, 681-5167. If you choose to go outside the University community a list of counseling and support services outside the university system are listed at the end of this policy.

In addition to those policy statements listed above the following <u>"Bill of Rights"</u> is accorded by Lincoln University to **ALL** victims of sexual assault.

Sexual Assault Victims Bill of Rights

The following rights shall be accorded by all campus officers, administrators and employees of Lincoln University to victims of campus-related sexual assaults:

- A. The right to have sexual assaults committed against them fully investigated without undue delay and adjudicated by the duly constituted criminal and civil authorities of the governmental entity in which the crime occurred, and the right to the full and prompt cooperation and assistance of campus personnel in notifying the proper authorities. The foregoing shall be in addition to any campus disciplinary proceedings.
- B. The right to be free from any kind of pressure from campus personnel that encourages victims not report any crimes committed against them to civil and criminal authorities or to campus law enforcement and disciplinary officials, or report crimes as lesser offenses than the victims perceive them to be.
- C. The right to be free from any kind of suggestion that campus sexual assault victims not report, or under-report crimes because:
 - 1. victims are somehow "responsible" for the commission of the crime against them,
 - 2. victims were contributively negligent, or assumed the risk of being assaulted, or
 - 3. by reporting crimes they would incur unwanted personal publicity.
- D. The same right to legal assistance, or ability to have others present, in any campus disciplinary proceeding that the institution permits to the accused, and the right to be notified of the outcome of such proceeding.

- E. The right to full and prompt cooperation from campus personnel in obtaining, securing, and maintaining evidence (including a medical examination or medico-legal examination) as may be necessary for proof of criminal sexual assault in subsequent legal proceedings.
- F. The right to be made aware of, and assisted in exercising any options, as provided by state and federal laws or regulations with regard to mandatory testing of sexual assault suspects for communicable diseases and with regard to notification to victims of the results of such testing.
- G. The right to counseling from any mental health services previously established by the institution, or by other victim-service entities, or by any other individual/entity chosen by the victims themselves.
- H. After campus sexual assaults have been reported, the victims of such crimes shall have the right to require that campus personnel take the necessary steps or actions reasonably feasible to prevent any unnecessary or unwanted contact or proximity with alleged assailants, including immediate relocation of the victim to safe and secure alternative housing, and transfer of classes if requested by the victim.
- I. In addition to the above rights, students, whether sexual assault victims or not, have a right to habitability in campus housing and in campus accommodations for which Lincoln University receives any compensation, direct or indirect.
 - 1. **DEFINITION** For purpose of this subparagraph, "habitability" shall mean an environment free from sexual or physical intimidation, or any other continuing disruptive behaviors by persons sharing rooms or their guests, that is of such a serious nature as would prevent a reasonable person from attaining their educational goals. Substantiated violations of the above-listed habitability provisions shall be corrected by campus personnel by relocation of the complainant to acceptable, safe and secure alternative housing as soon as practicable, unless the conditions of non-habitability demonstrate the necessity of immediate action by campus personnel.

TO REPORT AN ASSAULT

Reports may be made by calling 911 or by calling the Ft Leonard Wood Military Police at 573-596-6141; by reporting directly to the office, or by reporting to the on-scene officer, if he or she has already been summoned. If you have reported the assault to another University official, they will assist you in making a report to Ft Leonard Wood Military Police, if requested.

WHAT YOU SHOULD DO IF YOU ARE RAPED OR SEXUALLY ASSAULTED

- GET TO A SAFE LOCATION IMMEDIATELY!
- Tell someone. Seek support from someone you trust.
- Talk to the University counselor (681-5167) or the Student Health Center (681-5476). Conversations with the counselor will be kept in strictest confidence if you wish. Other staff members can be helpful, but they will be required to report the incident to the Director Barbara Lane or Ft Leonard Wood Military Police.
- General Leonard Wood Army Community Hospitals provide emergency services to victims and are located nearby. They can provide counseling referrals and will contact the Ft Leonard Wood Military Police or Lincoln University Police Department for you.
- Again, keep in mind that anyone other than the counselor must report specific incidents to the Ft Leonard Wood Military Police

REPORTING THE INCIDENT

Choosing whether or not to report the rape or assault is your right and option. If you are certain you want to report the incident to authorities:

 Contact the Ft Leonard Wood Military Police at 596-6141 or by dialing 911 or by use of any red campus emergency phone. (If you wish to contact the police DO NOT BATHE, CHANGE CLOTHES OR DOUCHE OR USE THE TOILET prior to a medical/legal exam.)

If you aren't certain whether you will report the incident to authorities:

 Contact the University counselor or another mental health counselor* outside the University community and/or your clergy or religious advisor, none of whom are required to report alleged incidents.

*Counseling and support services outside the university system can be obtained through the following locations:

Family Counseling Center of Missouri Inc.......634-4591
Family Mental Health Center Hotline......800-833-3915
Rape and Abuse Crisis Service Hotline.......634-4911
Behavior Health Unit..........635-7141
Planned Parenthood........635-2882
Birthright...........635-8822

A sexual offense case referred to the Lincoln University Student Conduct system may result in the perpetrator being suspended from the university. More than one sanction may be recommended/imposed for any single violation when deemed appropriate by the Judicial Officer or Disciplinary Committee. All disciplinary sanctions are noted in the student's non-academic student file and are kept for a period of three years after they leave the university. Records of suspended students are kept indefinitely. Sanctions may include: residence hall transfer or suspension, interim suspension, long-term suspension or permanent suspension. Lincoln University will provide the accuser and the accused with a copy of the outcome of a sexual offense student disciplinary hearing.

The above mentioned university disciplinary sanctions do not include actions taken by the police department (i.e., arrest or detainment) or by the prosecuting attorney's office (i.e. prosecution and/or sentencing).